PUBLIC HEALTH, LABOUR AND MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION SECRETARIAT

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, dated 27th May 1965.

G. S. R. 530.—The following draft of the Mysore Municipalities Taxation Rules, 1965, which the Government of Mysore proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 94 and 323 of the Mysore Municipalities Act, 1964 (Mysore Act No. 22 of 1964), is hereby published as required by sub-section (1) of Section 323 of the said Act for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after 5th July 1965.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft by the State Government before the date specified above will be considered by the Government. Objections or suggestions may be addressed to the Secretary to Government of Mysore, Public Health, Labour and Municipal Administration Department, Vidhana Soudha, Bangalore-1.

DRAFT

MYSORE MUNICIPALITIES TAXATION RULES, 1965.

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. Title.—These Rules may be called the Mysore Municipalities Taxation Rules, 1965.

2. Definition.—In these rules,—

(*a*) 'Act' means the Mysore Municipalities Act, 1964;

(*b*) 'form' means a form appended to these rules;

(*c*) 'schedule' means a schedule to the Act;

(*d*) 'section' means a section of the Act.

CHAPTER II.

GENERAL RULES AND PROCEDURE.

3. Payment of Tax.—(1) Every person who is liable to pay any of the taxes or fees shall pay the same (except as otherwise provided) at the Head Office of the Municipal Council;

(2) The tax or fee shall be recovered by the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer or any person duly authorised by him in this behalf.

4. Remission or refund of taxes in respect of buildings demolished or destroyed.—(1) Remission or refund of taxes under clause (*c*) of sub-section (2) of Section 115 shall not ordinarily be granted unless notice in writing of the occurrence of fire or other event in respect of which the remission is claimed has been given to the Municipal o cil within 30 days of the rence of the event on

the basis on which remission or refund is claimed, containing the following particulars, namely :—

(*a*) petitioner's name and the particulars regarding municipal number, tenements, or parts of building or land demolished or destroyed by fire or otherwise deprived of value ;

(*b*) date of occurrence of fire or other event on account of which remission or refund is claimed and the period for which the same is claimed ;

(*c*) the tax or cess leviable in each year.

5. Claims for refund when not entertainable and the period within which it should be made.—Save as otherwise provided in these rules no claim for refund of any sum paid on account of any tax or other fees shall be entertained unless application in Form I therefor is made in writing within ninety days after the expiry of the year to which the claim relates.

6. Payment of refund when not to be made.—No sum shall be refunded unless the person entitled to it applies for payment within three months of delivery to him of notice of the refund having been duly authorised. In such notice the period within which the refund must be demanded shall be stated.

7. Validity of the notice.—No notice shall be deemed to be validly given under Section 111 unless all the taxes due on the land or building on the date of the notice in respect of such land or building to which it relates have been paid in full.

8. Entry in assessment list of sub-division.—Where any land or building is sub-divided, on application being made to the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer intimating such sub-division, such officer shall, unless he sees any objection to the same, cause each sub-divided land or building to be entered in the municipal registers if it were separate land or building.

9. Preparation and issue of bills.—All bills under sub-section (1) of Section 142 shall be prepared from the assessment list and from the information obtained by process in accordance with bye laws and shall be issued under the signature of the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer or other Officer authorised in this behalf by the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer.

10. Suspension of process for recovery on receipt of notice of vacancy.—When a notice of vacancy has been received under Section 115 process for recovery of the dues of the current year or instalment period, may be suspended till final orders are passed on the notice.

11. Owner to give notice of re-occupation.—When a notice of vacancy is given under sub-section (1) of Section 115, the person giving such notice shall also give notice in writing within fifteen days, to the Municipal Commissioner or the Chief Officer as the case may be, of the date of subsequent re-occupation failing which no remission or refund of tax or cess may be granted if it be found that the building or land has been re-occupied during the year or instalment period.

12. Notice fees.—For every notice of demand issued under sub-section (3) of Section 142 fees shall be levied at the following rates, namely :—

Amount of demand.	*Fees.*
If the sum is less than rupees five	Ten paise.
If the sum is equal to or in excess of rupees five but less than rupees ten	Twenty paise.
If the sum is equal to or in excess of rupees ten but less than rupees fifty	Fifty paise.
If the sum is equal to or in excess of rupees fifty but less than rupees hundred.	Seventy-five paise.
the sum is equal to or in excess of rupees hundred	One rupee.

13. Warrant fees.—For every distraint made under sub-section (5) of Section 143, fees shall be levied at the following rates, namely :—

Amount distrained for	*Fees*
If the amount is less than rupee one	Twenty-five paise.
If the amount is equal to or in excess of rupee one but less than rupees five	Fifty paise.
If the amount is equal to or in excess of rupees five but less than rupees ten	One rupee.
If the amount is equal to or in excess of rupees ten but less than rupees fifteen	One rupee and fifty paise.
If the amount is equal to or in excess of rupees fifteen but less than rupees twenty	Two rupees.
If the amount is equal to or in excess of rupees twenty but less than rupees twenty-five	Two rupees and fifty paise.
If the amount is equal to or in excess of rupees twenty-five but less than rupees thirty ..	Three rupees.
If the amount is equal to or in excess of rupees thirty but less than thirty-five	Three rupees and fifty paise.
If the amount is equal to or in excess of rupees thirty-five but less than rupees forty	Four rupees.
If the amount is equal to or in excess of rupees forty but less than rupees forty five	Four rupees and fifty paise.
If the amount is equal to or in excess of rupees forty-five but less than rupees fifty	Five rupees.
If the amount is equal to or in excess of rupees fifty but less than rupees sixty	Six rupees and fifty paise.
If the amount is equal to or in excess of rupees sixty but less than rupees eighty	Seven rupees and fifty paise.
If the amount is equal to or in excess of rupees eighty but less than rupees hundred	Nine rupees.
If the amount is equal to or in excess of rupees hundred	Ten rupees.

Where servants are kept in charge of property distrained, an additional fee of one rupee per servant per day shall be levied.

14. Fee for maintenance of livestock distrained.—ees for maintaining live-stock distrained der sub-

section (5) of Section 143 shall be levied at the following rates, namely :—

Sl. No.	*Description of livestock*	*Cost for the supply of fodder and for watering for each head of livestock per day or fraction of a day*
1	2	3
1	Elephant	Three rupees.
2	Camel	Two rupees.
3	Buffalo	One rupee.
4	Buffalo calf	Fifty paise.
5	Bull or bullock or cow	One rupee.
6	Heifer or calf	Fifty paise.
7	Sheep or goat	Twenty-five paise.
8	Kid	One rupee.
9	Horse	One rupee.
10	Fowl	Twenty-five paise.
11	Ass or donkey (either young or grown).	Fifty paise.
12	Pig	Fifty paise.
13	Bird of all kinds	Twenty-five paise :

Provided that no fee shall be charged where the owner of any such livestock pays the full amount of the Municipal dues and receives back such livestock within three hours from the time of their seizure.

15. Persons authorised to receive payment of Municipal funds and taxes.—Save where the collection of any toll or fee is farmed out, the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer or any other Officer or employee duly authorised by him shall receive all taxes, charges, fees or other amounts paid to the Municipal Council.

16. Time and mode of recovery.—The following taxes eviable under Section 94 shall be leviable in two equal

instalments in advance in the months of April and October respectively, every year :—

(1) Tax on buildings or lands or both situated within the municipality ;

(2) Tax on vehicles (other than motor vehicles) ;

(3) Tax on dogs ;

(4) Special sanitary cess ;

(5) General sanitary cess ;

(6) Water rate ;

(7) Lighting tax ;

17. Levy of interest on arrears of municipal taxes.— Interest at six per cent per annum shall be leviable on arrears of municipal taxes.

CHAPTER III.

Taxes on Buildings or Lands or both situated within the Municipality.

18. Mode of levy.—The tax imposed on buildings or lands or both situated within a municipality shall be levied in two instalments in advance in the months of April and October respectively of every year.

19. One bill to be issued for one property.—All sums due for each year for all or any of the taxes by any one person on account of one and the same land or building shall be charged to such person ordinarily, and shall be recoverable from him in lump :

Provided that nothing herein contained shall affect the liability of such person to any increased tax to which he may be assessed on account of the said property owing to a revision of the rateable value or imposition of any of the taxes not imposed before on the said land or building.

20. One or several bills, for several lands or buildings owned by one person.—If any person is liable for all or any of the said taxes on account of more than one land or building it shall be competent to the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer, to charge such person in one or several bills as he shall think fit the several sums payable by him on account of such lands or buildings.

21. Demand and collection register.—The Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer shall maintain a register showing the demand, collection, adjustments, arrears, excess recoveries relating to tax on lands or buildings or both.

22. Inspection by Municipal staff of vacant premises.—(1) The Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer may require any person claiming refund or remission of any tax under Section 115 to arrange for the inspection of such land or building for the purpose of verification of such vacancy and every such person shall comply with such requisition.

(2) If such person fails to arrange fo such inspection, the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer may refuse to treat the land or buildings, as the case may be, as vacant till the day of such inspection and verification.

23. Procedure to be followed where one or more parts of any land or building are to be treated as separate property.—Where a person desires that a part, or two or more parts of any land or building be assessed as separate property, the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer may in his discretion treat such part or parts as separate property if,—

(i) all taxes due on the entire land or building are paid ;

(ii) a plan of the land or building showing the division, and duly signed by all the owners of the property, is enclosed with the application ; and

(iii) a transfer fee of two rupees has been paid in full in advance with an assurance that necessary action for transfer will be taken by the applicant immediately after the division.

CHAPTER IV.

OCTROI.

24. Mode of collection.—At the time of entry of the goods into the Municipal limits octroi shall be paid to the official in charge of the octroi station. The official in charge may receive such octroi and give to the person bringing the goods into the limits of the Municipality, a receipt showing the nature and quantity of the goods and the octroi received :

Provided that in the case of goods brought by rail the official in charge of the octroi station at the railway station may in the same manner receive the octroi.

25. Payment of octroi.—In case of disagreement, as to the amount of octroi payable by the person bringing the goods within the Municipal limits the official in charge of the octroi station shall cause such person to take the goods before the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer, by grant of a transit pass in Form II, for the settlement of the octroi to be paid. Upon ascertainment of the amount of octroi payable on the goods, such person shall either pay the amount due and after receiving the receipt remove the goods or shall deposit the goods in the octroi office. When the octroi is paid a receipt shall be granted by the officer in charge of the octroi office for the removal of the goods showing the description of the goods, the quantity or weight of the goods, the duty paid in respect thereof and the date of payment. The fact of receipt shall also be noted on each copy of the duplicate transit pass, one copy of which shall be filed in the office and the other copy returned to the octroi station from which the transit pass was received. In case the person bringing the goods

wishes to transport the goods at once beyond the limits of the municipality he shall do so only after obtaining a transport permit in Form III, on payment of a fee of three rupees, in the case of a city municipal council and two rupees in the case of a town municipal council.

26. Assessment and collection of octroi at octroi station.—(1) When goods liable to octroi are brought into the municipal limits, the official in charge of the octroi station shall call upon the person bringing the goods into the municipal limits to declare whether they are intended,—

(*a*) for consumption, use or sale within the municipal limits ; or

(*b*) for immediate export outside the municipal limits ; or

(*c*) for temporary detention within the municipal limits and eventual transport outside the municipal limits.

(2) If the person bringing the goods into the municipal limits makes no declaration under sub-rule (1) octroi due on the goods shall be collected.

27. Procedure in case where octroi is leviable *ad valorem*.—(1) Articles on which octroi is leviable *ad valorem* shall be assessed according to the valuation in the invoice. If the invoice is not produced or if the valuation in the invoice appears to the official in charge of the octroi station to be unduly, low, then the article shall be assessed according to the market value within the municipality, of such articles on the prices current for the month if such value can be ascertained and if data relating to such prices are not available, octroi may be levied according to the best of the information of the official. In cases of doubt or dispute the official shall obtain the orders of the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer or other officer superior to such official. Whenever the invoice produced by the person bringing the goods into the municipal limits is in a language other than English or Kannada such person shall produce a true copy of such invoice translated into English or Kannada and verified by him.

(2) Octroi recoverable *ad valorem* shall be calculated on the actual amount of the invoice, that is, the actual cost to the owner of the consignment which shall include all expenses such as packing charges, freight charges paid, less trade discount allowed, if any. When the railway freight is paid by the person bringing the goods at destination in respect of the "to pay" consignment, such charges paid shall be added to the amount of the invoice, the same being ascertained either from the invoice or railway receipt, or from railway authorities.

28. Issue of receipt for octroi collected.—When the octroi is collected the official in charge of the octroi station shall issue a receipt in Form IV.

29. Production of receipt for having paid octroi.—(1) Any person bringing the goods into the municipal limits on which octroi has been paid, at an octroi station, shall on demand by an Inspector appointed for the purpose produce the receipt issued by the official in charge of the octroi station and allow the Inspector to inspect the goods and verify the correctness of the octroi paid.

(2) If after checking the calculation, the Inspector finds that all the items in the receipt are correct, he shall endorse his name at the back of the receipt and return it to the person bringing the goods and make a note of the receipt numbers and amounts collected thereon.

(3) If the Inspector has reason to believe that the octroi due has not been paid in full, he may require the person bringing the goods to accompany him to the Municipal Office where he will immediately report the facts of the case to the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer, or any other officer superior to the Inspector.

30. Municipal Council to maintain a list of traders and public bodies allowed to have an account current.—The municipal council shall maintain a list in Form V of all traders and public bodies to whom account current facilities are provided under Section 130. Such list shall

be kept corrected up-to-date and a copy of the list signed by the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer, shall be kept at each octroi station. Specimen signatures of the traders and officers authorised to sign declarations on behalf of public bodies shall also be obtained and kept in the municipal office and made available to the officials at the octroi stations.

31. Account current.—Whenever a trader or public body allowed to have account current under Section 130 brings goods into the municipal limits, a declaration in Form VI signed by the trader or an officer authorised by the public body shall be presented to the official in charge of the octroi station. On receipt of the declaration, the official in charge of the octroi station shall after satisfying himself from the list and other particulars made available to him that the declaration has been signed by the trader or officer of a public body, whose name is in the list of traders and public bodies allowed to have an account current, and that the items of goods agree with the details entered in the declaration, make an endorsement on the declaration certify the correctness of the declaration. He shall grant the presenter a pass in Form VII.

CHAPTER V.

TOLLS.

32. Establishment of toll gates.—(1) The municipal council shall establish toll-gates for the purpose of collecting tolls on the several routes leading to the municipality and notify the location of such toll-gates.

(2) No vehicle liable to the payment of toll shall enter the municipal limits except by one of the toll-gates established by the municipal council.

(3) Any municipal council may change, add to, or combine the existing toll-gates if it considers that such a course is necessary for the proper collection of

tolls. Every such change, addition or combination shall be notified within the limits of the municipality.

33. Table of tolls.—A table of tolls as required by Section 128 shall be kept at the place where toll is to be collected.

34. Receipts.—The person in charge of the toll-gates shall give the person paying the toll, a receipt, showing the amount received, date and hour of payment and the description or marks of identification of the vehicles.

35. Toll to be levied only once.—Toll shall be levied only once in respect of each vehicle passing through the toll-gates of the municipality on any day counted from sunrise to sunrise irrespective of the number of times the vehicle enters the municipality or the different routes by which it enters.

36. Liability to stop.—Every person or owner who is for the time being in possession or use of any vehicle shall be bound to stop it at the first toll-gate of entry into the municipality through which he desires to pass.

37. Information to be furnished.—Every person or owner in possession for the time being of any vehicle shall be bound to give all necessary and true information for the ascertainment of levy and collection of toll, to the person in charge of the toll-gate.

38. Payment.—If on such information the person in charge of the toll-gate considers that the owner or user of any vehicle is liable to pay toll, such owner or user shall pay such toll, at the rates, levied. But if he considers the owner or user is entitled to exemption after persuing the pass or permit, if any, he may permit the vehicle to proceed without payment of the toll.

39. Accounts to be kept.—The person in charge of the toll-gate shall be bound to maintain a proper account of the daily toll collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate and it shall be produced whenever called upon by the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer, or other officers duly authorised by him.

40. Claim for refund.—(1) Whenever a person who has compounded for a definite period desires to discontinue to run his vehicle within that period, he may apply for the refund of the balance of money, if any, paid by him in advance and on reasonable cause being shown, the Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer, may refund the excess amount paid by him, provided that no refund shall be allowed for a sum less than one half of the aggregate amount due for the period for which the composition is effected. All applications for such refund shall be presented within fifteen days from the date of such discontinuance after the lapse of which no such claim shall be considered.

(2) Any person from whom toll has been recovered unauthorisedly or in excess of the amount payable in respect of any particular vehicle may apply in writing along with the receipt to the officer duly authorised for this purpose, for the refund of the amount paid.

41. Settlement when right of collection is farmed out.—Where the right of collection is farmed out, the composition fees collected shall be held at the credit of the contractor and adjusted towards his dues in the final settlement for the year.

CHAPTER VI.

Tax on Vehicles (other than Motor Vehicles).

42. Tax by whom payable.—A tax on vehicles, boats or animals specified in schedule IV, used for riding, draught or burden, kept within the municipality for use

shall be payable by the owner or other person entitled to keep the vehicle, boat or animal within the municipality.

43. Tax when payable.—A tax on vehicles other than motor vehicles, boats or animals shall be paid at the time of application for numbering and registration of such vehicle, boat or animal in accordance with the byelaws made under clause (k) of sub-section (1) of section 324.

44. Refund of tax.—Where the tax due in respect of any vehicle, boat, or animal has been paid for any year, the owner or other person entitled to the vehicle, boat or animal shall be entitled to a refund of the sum paid,—

(*a*) if the vehicle or boat has been under repair during the whole of the year ;

(*b*) if the animal certified by the President, Municipal Commissioner or Chief Officer or any person authorised by him to have been unfit for use, has not been used during the whole period.

45. Method of calculating liability to tax.—When a person has owned or had been entitled to two or more vehicles or boats or two or more animals of the same description each at different periods in one year he shall be deemed to have owned and had been entitled to one vehicle, boat or animal only, as the case may be, for the aggregate number of days in the said two or more periods.

46. Vehicles, boats, animals, transferred.—If a year's tax has been levied in respect of vehicle, boat or animal, no further tax for the same year shall be leviable in respect of the said vehicle, boat or animal if it is transferred during the said year by the preson paying the tax to any other person.

CHAPTER VII.

Tax on Dogs.

47. Tax by whom payable.—The tax on dogs shall be payable by every owner or person in charge of a dog.

48. Tax when payable.—A tax on dogs shall be paid at the time of application for numbering and registration of the dog in accordance with the bye-laws made under clause (*k*) of sub-section (1) of section 324.

CHAPTER VIII.

Special Sanitary Cess.

49. Tax by whom payable.—The special sanitary cess shall be payable by the person liable to pay the tax on the building or land in respect of which the cess is payable along with the tax on such building or land.

50. Provisions of the Act applicable where special sanitary cess is payable.—The provisions of sections 108, 111, 112, 113, and 114, shall *mutatis mutandis* be applicable in respect of any property on which special sanitary cess is payable.

CHAPTER IX.

General Sanitary Cess.

51. Levy and collection of general sanitary cess.—The general sanitary cess shall be collected in the same manner and along with the tax on the land or building in respect of which such cess is payable.

CHAPTER X

Water Rate.

52. Levy and collection of water rate.—When water rate is levied in the form of a tax assessed on buildings

and lands it shall be levied and collected in the same manner as the taxes on the buildings or land in respect of which such rate is payable.

CHAPTER XI.

Lighting Tax.

53. Levy and collection of lighting tax.—The lighting tax shall be levied and collected in the same manner as the tax on the building or land in respect of which the lighting tax is payable.

FORM No. I.

(*See* Rule 5).

Refund Application Form.

.....Municipality.

No.	Name of payee	Amount to be refunded	Grounds of refund	Date on which the amount claimed is credited to the Municipal fund	The head of account under which it is credited	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Received Rs.....(in words).....

Signature of applicant.

Certified that the amount has been credited to the Municipal Funds as shown above.

Pay Rs. ..... (in words) .....

Date.....

Municipal Commissioner/Chief Officer.

FORM No. II.

(*See* Rule 25).

Transit Pass - Original	Transit Pass - Duplicate	Transit Pass - Triplicate
Book No. .... Name of Octroi Station.....	Book No. .... Name of Octroi Station.....	Book No. .... Name of Octroi Station.....
Pass No.....	Pass No.....	Pass No. .....
Name of owner	Name of owner	Name of owner
Place from which brought	Place from which brought	Place from which brought
To which place	To which place	To which place
Name of consignee	Name of consignee	Name of consignee
Name and Description of article	Name and Description of article	Name and Description of article
No..... Carriage.....	No..... Carriage.....	No..... Carriage.....
Name of peon escorting the goods....	Name of peon escorting the goods..	Name of peon escorting the goods..
Date: 19....	Date: 19....	Date: 19....
	Signature of Mutsaddi	Signatrue of Mutsaddi
	NOTE :—To be forwarded to Municipal Office or Bonded warehouse for acknowledgement and return. To be pasted to the original on its return.	NOTE :—To be filed in the Municipal Office/Bonded Warehouse.
	Date : *Signature.*	

Declaration.

I.....Mutsaddi in charge of the octroi station, do hereby declare that I have inspected the goods/animals mentioned in this pass and satisfied myself as required by rules and do hereby certify that the above mentioned goods/animals have passed out of the Octroi Station on..... at hour.....

Octroi Mutsaddi,
..... Octroi Station.

Received payment of Rs.....(in words).....

Signature of the applicant for refund of octroi.

NOTE :—To be pasted to the counterfoil when received back from the octroi station of export.

FORM No. III.

(*See* Rule 25)

Transport Permit.

Counterfoil. T.P.No.....

The Octroi Mutsaddi,

.....Octroi Station.

Allow the following goods/animals to go out of the octroi limits at your octroi station on satisfying yourself as per rules and endorse the certificate on the reverse as required :—

No. and date of receipted import bill	Description of goods or animals to be exported	No. of packages or animals	Time of issue of the pass

Signature and designation of the Officer issuing the pass.

Transport Permit.

To

The Octroi Mutsaddi,

.....Octroi Station.

Allow the following goods/animals to go out of the octroi limits at your octroi station on satisfying yourself as per rules and endorse the certificate on as required -:—

No. and date of receipted import bill	Description of goods or animals to be exported	No. and Description of packages or animals	Weight or value	Name of exporter
1	2	3	4	5

Octroi paid in respect of those goods or animals Receipt No. and Date Amount	Time of issue of the pass
6	7

Date :

Signature and designation of the Officer issuing the pass.

FORM No. IV.

Octroi receipt

(*See* Rule 28).

Octroi Receipt.

Octroi Station ..... Book No. .....

of the ....Municipality. Receipt No. .....

Date and time of transport	Name and address of person importing the goods and also of the owner	Place from which brought	Description of goods or animals	Weight number or value	Rate of octroi	Amount of octroi paid
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
						Rs. P.
			Total brought forward			
			Progressive Total carried over			
			Total (in words)			

NOTE :—Every alternate sheet should be headed duplicate and perforated.

Signature of Mutsaddi.

FORM No. V.

(*See* Rule 30).

List of Traders or public bodies who are permitted to keep an account current.

..... Municipality.

Sl. No.	Names of persons who have been permitted to keep an account current.	Address	Period for which the arrangement has been made.
1	2	3	4

FORM No. VI.

(*See* Rule 31).

Declaration form for goods imported by a trader or public body in account with the Municipality.

The Octroi Mutsaddi,
.....Octroi Station,
.....Municipality.

Sir,

Please permit to be imported by.....Octroi Station the following goods as per Invoice and Railway goods Receipt/Customs Import entry No. .....produced herewith and issue a pass therefor :

To be filled in by the Importer.				To be filled in at the Municipal Office.	
Name of trader or public body importing the goods	No. and description of package	Description of goods	Weight No. or value	Rate of octroi per amount	Amount of octroi duty recoverable

I do hereby declare that the contents of this application have been truly stated.

Signature of Trader/or Manager
on behalf of
public body.

Verified and pass issued *vide* No. .....
dated.....

Dues entered in Account Current.

Date :

Octroi Superintendent.

FORM No. VII.

(*See* Rule 31).

Book No. ..... Municipality .....

Pass No. Octroi Station .....

Counterfoil of Account current Pass.

Description of goods

Date .....

Book No. ..... Municipality .....

Pass No. Octroi Station .....

Pass for goods imported by Trader or Public body in Account current.

Name of Trader/Public body .....

No. and description of packages	Description of goods.	Weight, number or value

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Date.....

Octroi Mutsaddi.

[No. PLM 8 MLR 64].

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

B. VENKATARAMIA,

Deputy Secretary to Government (Special) Public Health, Labour & unicipal